



EUROPE, 1939



World War II Review

The End

Mr. Wyka's World History
Citrus High School



Essential Question

How did World War II end?

Hitler's War

Used blitzkrieg or
“lightning” warfare.

Airplanes supported
divisions of tanks
(called panzers)





Denmark and Norway

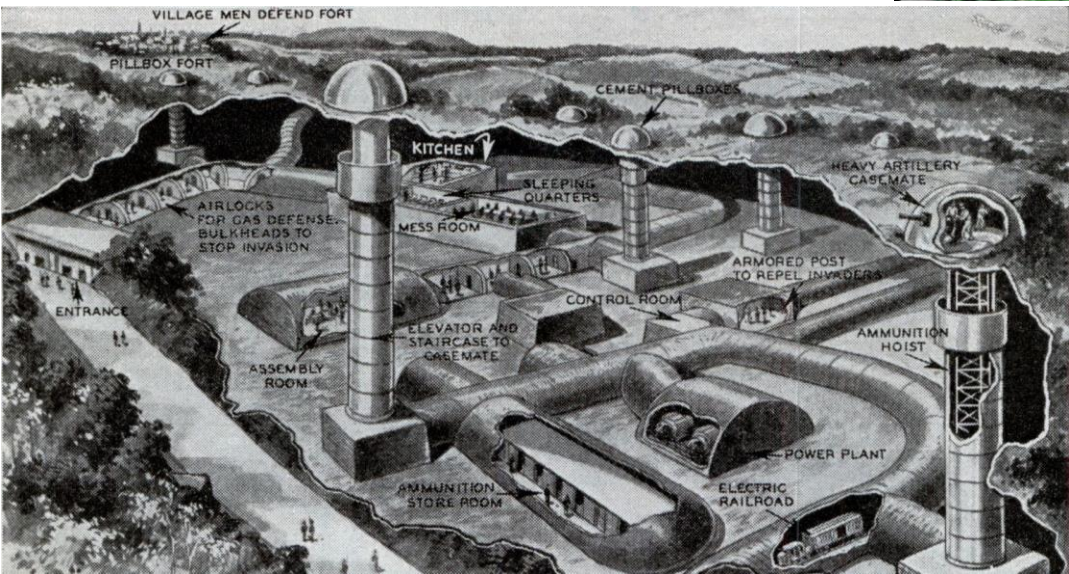


- Blitzkrieg attack in April of 1940
- Swift German Victory
- Why?
- To secure naval bases and Norwegian Heavy Water (D₂O)

Invasion of France



- Germany attacked Belgium, the Netherlands, and Luxembourg - neutral nations .
- Entered France through Belgium (the Ardennes Forest), bypassing the French Maginot Line, a defensive works created after WWI.



French Surrender



- June 22, 1940
- Germany controlled France, set up own government

The United States

- Followed a policy of isolationism
- Tried to stay neutral, not be involved in European wars



Battle of Britain

Fought in the
air over
England.



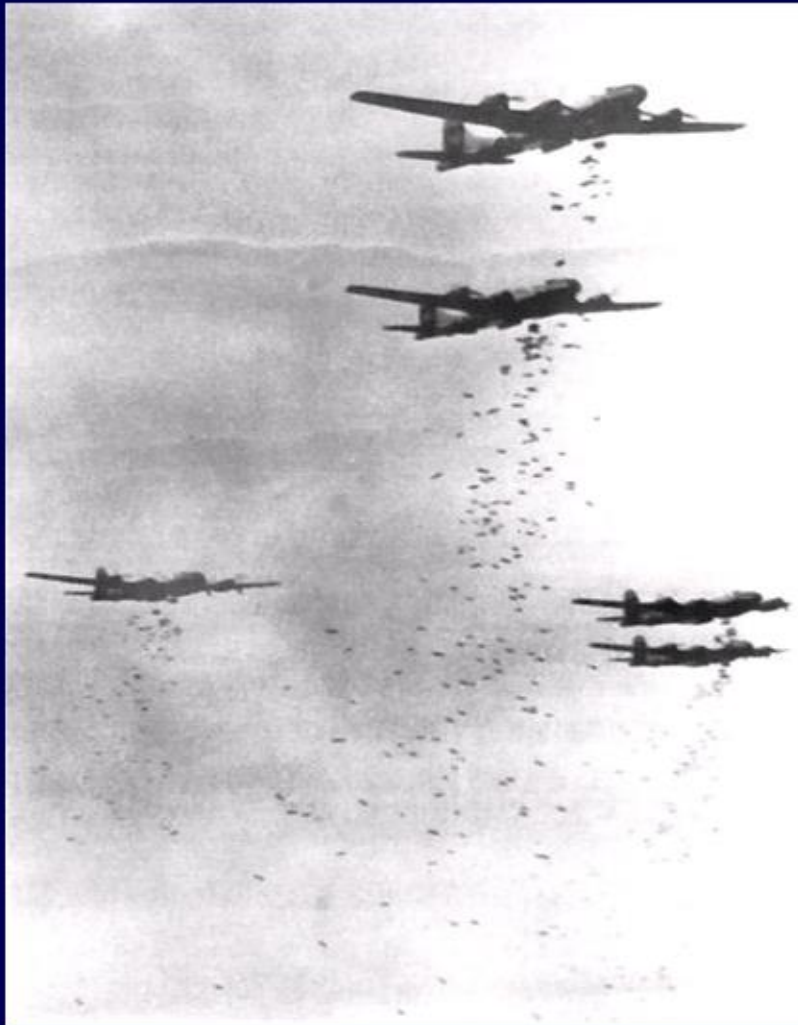
- Began in August 1940
- German air force (Luftwaffe) bombed Great Britain
- Also attacked major cities, such as London

British Advantage

- Invention of radar
- Allowed British Royal Air Force to shoot down German planes



Germany Invades the USSR



- June 1941
- Captured 2 million Russian soldiers

Pearl Harbor



- Japanese attacked on Dec. 7, 1941
- Also attacked the Philippines
- By spring 1942, controlled southeast Asia and the western Pacific

Pearl Harbor

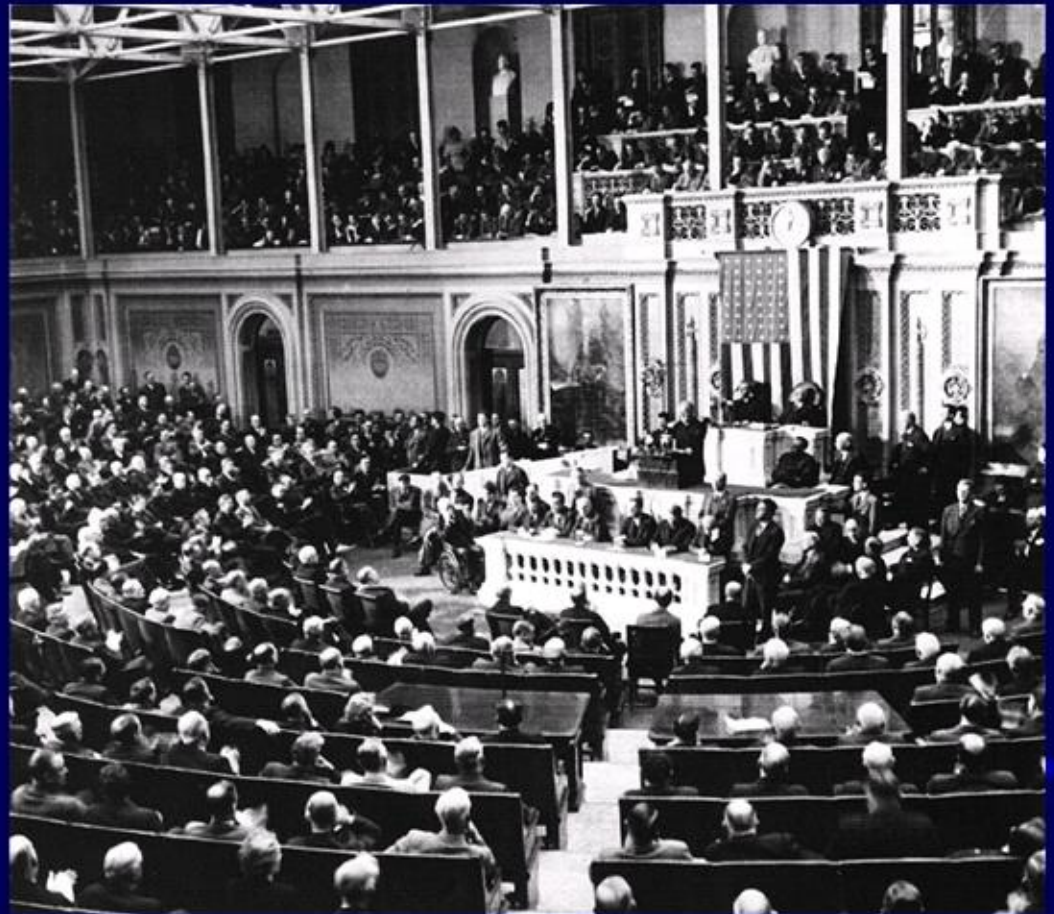


Pearl Harbor



U.S. Enters the War

- After Pearl Harbor, the US Congress declares war on Japan
- Germany declares war on the U.S.



The Allies



- Great Britain, the U.S., Soviet Union
- Agreed to overlook political differences

World War II Ends



www.alamy.com - C1309K

MacArthur Returns to the Philippines



Afrika Korps

- Germany's troops in North Africa
- Led by general Erwin Rommel



Turning Points in the War

- U.S. and British troops invade North Africa
- German and Italian troops surrendered in May 1943



Battle of Stalingrad



- Hitler attacked Stalingrad
- Soviets launched a counterattack
- Germans forced to surrender in winter

Battle of Midway

- U.S. launched a surprise attack on the Japanese fleet
- June 1942



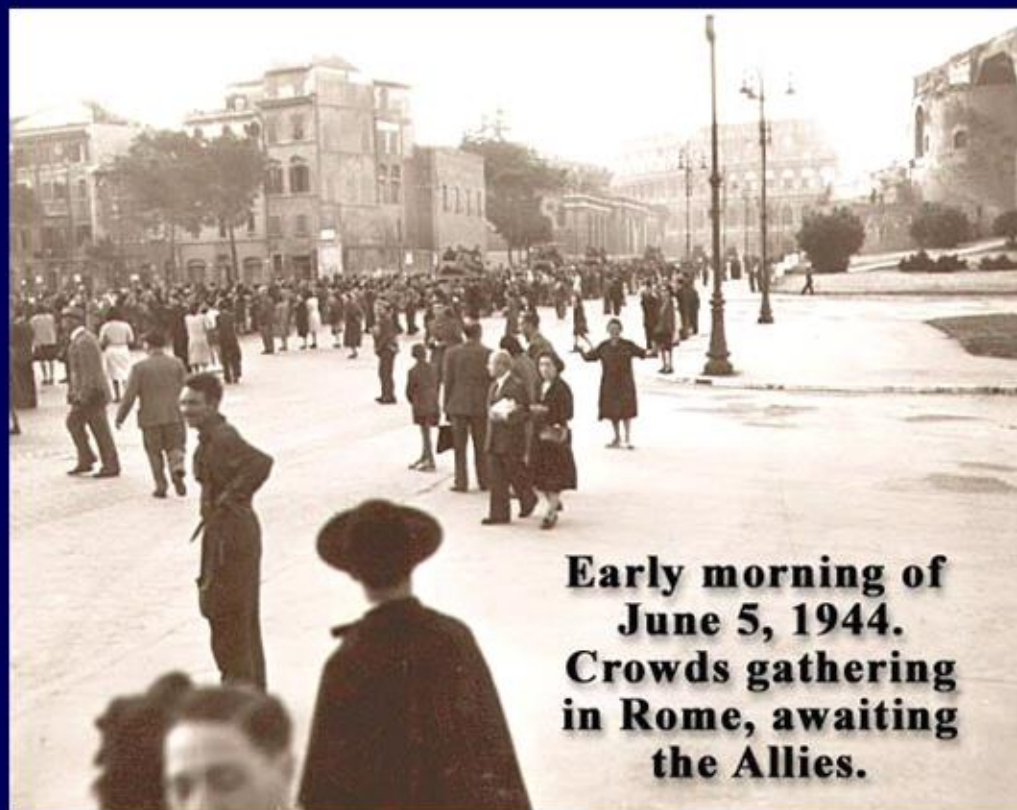
Philippines



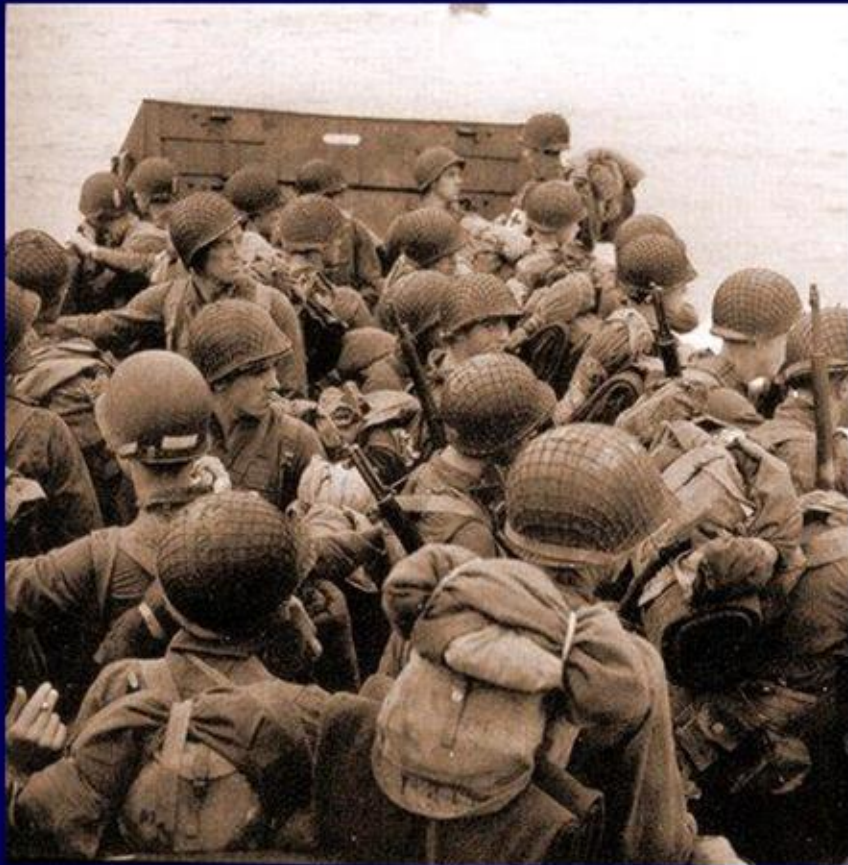
- U.S. troops led by Douglas MacArthur took control in the fall of 1942
- Began moving toward Japan

War in Italy

- American and British troops took Sicily, began moving up the Italian peninsula
- Mussolini removed from office
- Rome fell in June 1944



D-Day



- June 6, 1944
- Allied forces led by Dwight D. Eisenhower landed at Normandy, France
- Within 3 months, the Allies landed 2 million men

D-Day



D-Day



D-Day



Photo by Robert F. Sargent, June 6, 1944

D-Day

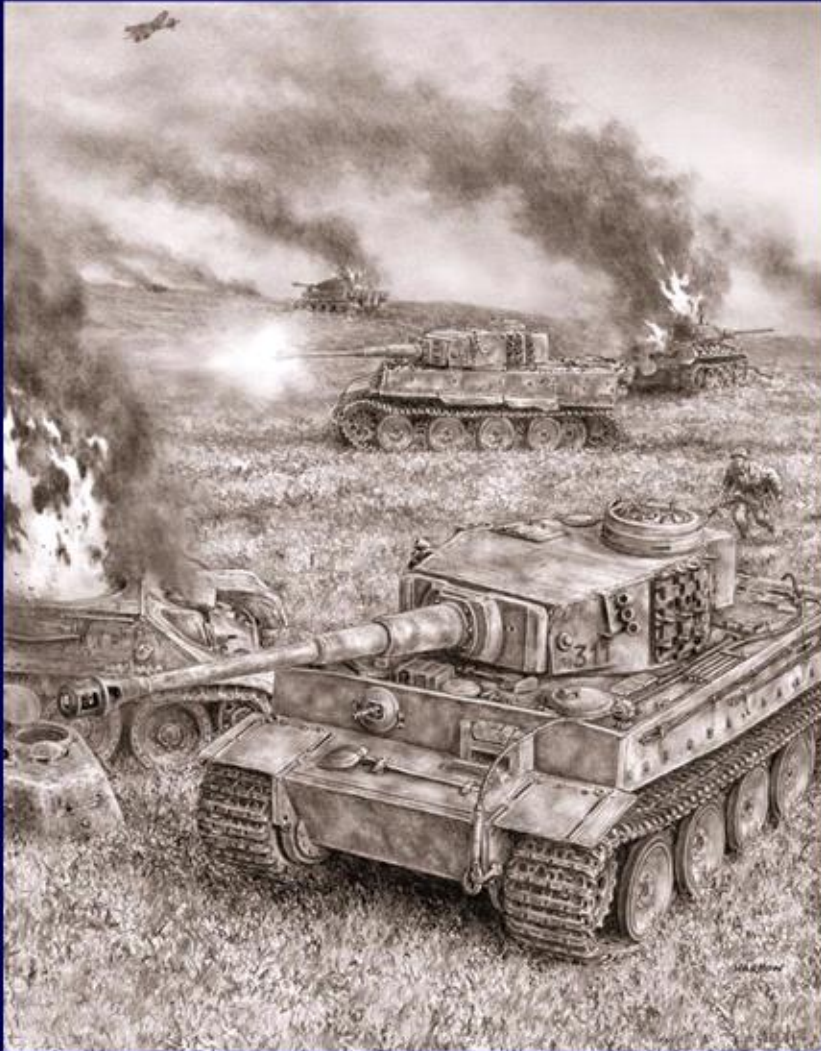


Paris

- The Allies liberated Paris in August 1944
- March 1945 - Allies crossed into Germany



End of War in Europe



- Soviet troops moved westward and entered Berlin in April 1945

Hitler's End

- Moved into a bunker in Berlin in January 1945
- Committed suicide on April 30, 1945



Germany Surrenders

- May 7, 1945
- German commanders surrender to end the war in Europe



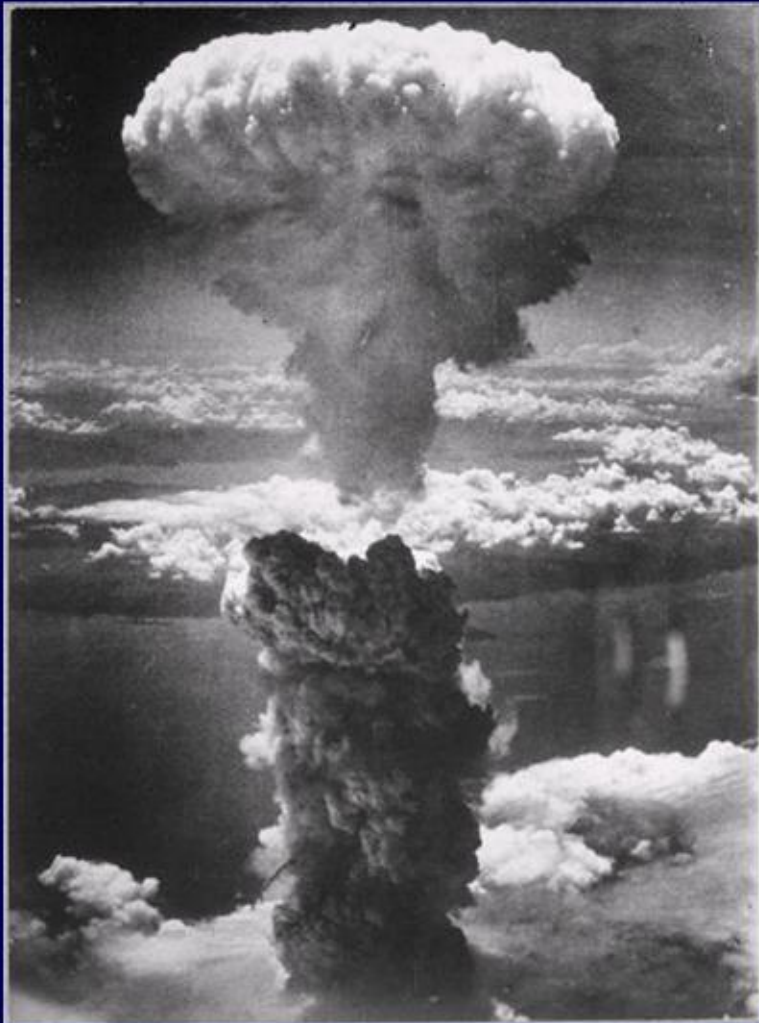


War in Asia

- U.S. forces advanced slowly across the Pacific
- President Harry S Truman hoped to avoid an invasion of Japan



Atomic Bombs



- August 6, 1945 -
dropped on
Hiroshima
- August 9, 1945 -
dropped on
Nagasaki

Nagasaki



Hiroshima



Photo: AFP



JAPAN Surrenders

- **August 14, 1945 – Japan Surrenders**
 - On the deck of the battleship Missouri
- **World War II is over**



SPECIAL EDITION
 The Gazette and Daily
 SPECIAL EDITION
 York, Pa., Tuesday, August 14, 1945.—Four Pages.
 Price—Three Cents

JAP SURRENDER ENDS WAR

EDITORIAL
PEACE—MAY IT NEVER END

The war has ended. At long last the firing squad has ceased it will soon cease everywhere throughout the world. Peace is again with us. May we all breathe a fervent prayer that it will be an everlasting, eternal one.

This war has been long enough. What another one would be, can only challenge one's wildest imagination. Peace will make in them as well as in other engines of death, shall war show its ugly, distorted face amongst us.

The thing that really matters, now is, can we win the peace? Our genius and our brains and our research and our spirit and our determination to protect and achieve the victory over those who would have enslaved us. And achieve it in a comparatively short time, considering what a race it is.

That we can win the peace as well as the war there is no doubt, provided that we put the same effort into and with our good neighbors, the people of our allies, and that we forget the enemy. We thought in our ally, foolishly, was engaging against us and against all free people everywhere.

It is inconceivable that we should not have learned our lesson and that we will not be parties in the setting up of a world-wide organization which eventually will be a super peace and maintain the peace.

Peace, we should have full well this happy day, is the most precious thing on earth. To secure it we have paid a high price in human life and in blood and in sweat and in tears. To secure it we have paid a high price in human life and in blood and in sweat and in tears. To secure it we have paid a high price in human life and in blood and in sweat and in tears.

President Announces Full Jap Acceptance Of Allied Terms. V-J Day Awaits Proclamation

Allied Offensives Ordered Stopped, MacArthur Named To Receive Jap Surrender



Gen. MacArthur has been named Allied Supreme Commander to accept the Japanese surrender.

Washington, Aug. 14 (AP)—President Truman announced at 1:00 P. M. EST tonight Japanese acceptance of surrender terms.

They will be accepted by General Douglas MacArthur when arrangements can be completed.

Mr. Truman read the formal message relayed from Emperor Hirohito through the Swiss Government in which the Japanese ruler pledged the surrender on the terms laid down by the Big Three conference at Potsdam.

President Truman made this statement:

"I have received this afternoon a message from the Japanese Government in reply to the message forwarded to them by the Secretary of State on August 11, 1945, in which they reply in full acceptance of the Potsdam Declaration which specifies the unconditional surrender of Japan. In this reply there is no qualification.

York Celebrates Victory

Tickets shortly will be sold for the Victory

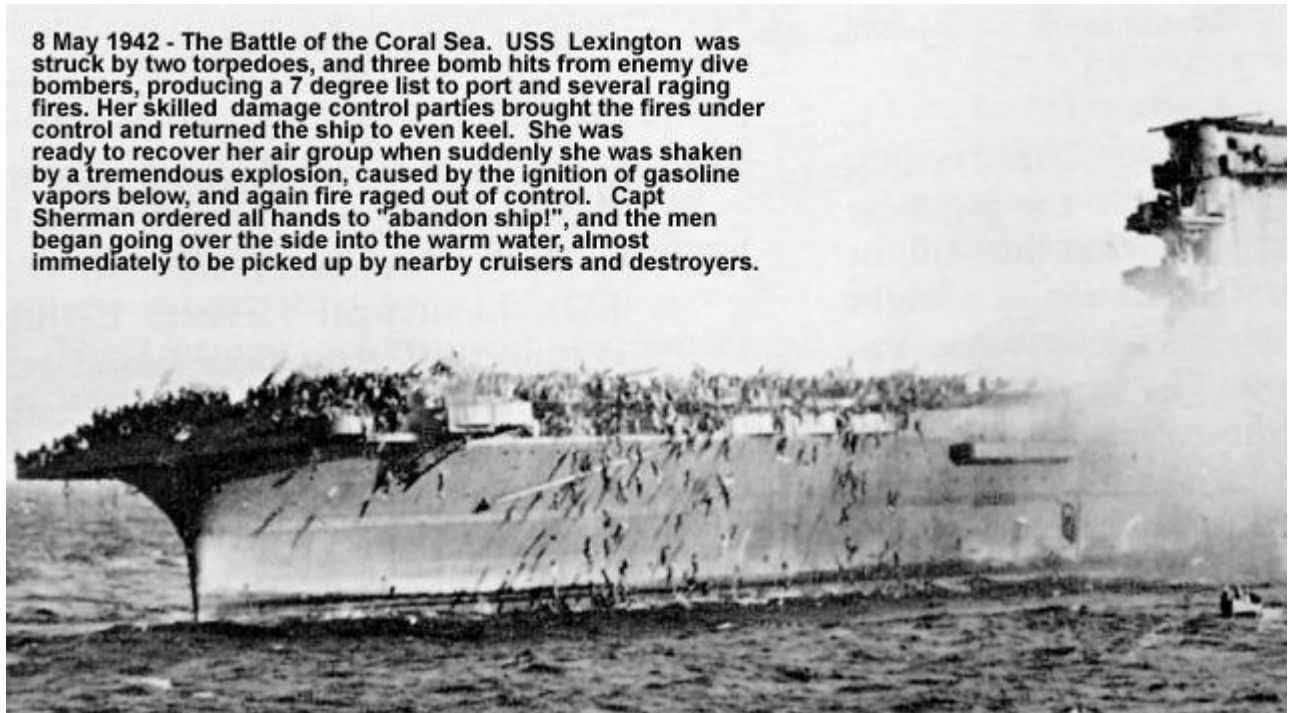


WORLD WAR II POWER POINT QUIZ

- Lets finish what we started.
- Remember to do your own work. Discussion of the quiz will be considered cheating and result in a zero.
- Using your notes, answer the following questions.



8 May 1942 - The Battle of the Coral Sea. USS Lexington was struck by two torpedoes, and three bomb hits from enemy dive bombers, producing a 7 degree list to port and several raging fires. Her skilled damage control parties brought the fires under control and returned the ship to even keel. She was ready to recover her air group when suddenly she was shaken by a tremendous explosion, caused by the ignition of gasoline vapors below, and again fire raged out of control. Capt Sherman ordered all hands to "abandon ship!", and the men began going over the side into the warm water, almost immediately to be picked up by nearby cruisers and destroyers.



1. What is the name of the German “master race” as envisioned by Hitler (it’s not the Nazis)?
2. Germany violated the Treaty of Versailles in many ways leading up to WWII. Among them, in 1938, Germany annexed what neighboring country?
3. Giving in to Hitler’s demands in order to keep the peace was called the Policy of _____.
4. Who was the main proponent of this policy? Hint: He was the Prime Minister of Great Britain before the war.
5. The Rome-Berlin Axis was a military alliance between what two countries?
6. The invasion of what country in 1939 prompted Great Britain and France to declare war on Germany?
7. What was the initial US response to Japanese aggression in China?

8. Another name for Hitler's mechanized, lightning warfare is...
9. Did the Germans win the Battle of Stalingrad?
10. The United States entered the war after _____.
11. The name given to the invasion of France by allied forces on June 6, 1944.
12. General Douglas MacArthur took the _____ from the Japanese in the fall of 1942, fulfilling his promise to return to the archipelago.
13. Name the two Japanese cities destroyed by American atomic bombs?
14. Was the Battle of Britain a naval battle, land battle, or air battle?
15. In the Battle of Britain, what new technology gave Great Britain an edge?
16. Place in order of surrender to allied forces – Italy, North Africa, Germany, Japan.
17. In your opinion, what was the most important factor in deciding the outcome of World War II?

World War II - POWER POINT QUIZ

- Make sure your name is on your Quiz,
- Pass your quiz to a fellow student, and
- Pass the first quiz you receive to another student.
- Keep the second quiz you receive for grading.
- Write your name at the top of the quiz.